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TO CORRESPONDENTS.
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The Standard.

"Nil in die audiam, nil veri non audiam diore."
 Cicero.
 SUNDAY, JULY 30, 1865.

ARRIVAL OF THE FRENCH MAIL.
 NEW SPANISH MINISTRY.
 IMPORTANT FROM MEXICO.
 THE BRAZILIAN IRON-CLADS.
 THE CATHOLIC OATHS' BILL.
 EXCITEMENT IN ITALY.

The French mails arrived yesterday, and we extract the following news from the 'Journal du Havre' and Montevideo papers, our English exchanges not having yet come to hand. Latest dates are only London 25th and Lisbon 28th June, which have been anticipated by the Limaña, but the following news has not been published here.

The Catholic Oaths' Bill, after a third reading in the House of Commons, went up to the Lords, and in spite of determined opposition passed with a large majority. This is highly creditable to the liberal tendencies of the nation, saving Roman Catholics from the absurdity of swearing they will not attempt to murder the Queen. The Dublin Exhibition continues with great 'eclat.' A subscription had been set on foot in England for the celebrated American 'savant,' Captain Maury, who lost all his property in the war. The Great Eastern is occupied in laying down the Atlantic cable. Messrs. Rothschild have made a loan to the city of Marseilles for eight millions of francs.

There has been a great strike among the cab-drivers of Paris. A bill has been laid before the senate touching naturalisation of foreigners in Algiers, admitting Jews and Mussulmen to a perfect equality with Frenchmen, and making them eligible for all public offices. Prince Napoleon visited the Emperor at the Tuilleries on the 19th June and a reconciliation took place, the Prince resuming his place as Vice-president of the Privy-Council and President of the Exposition Committee. The debate on Mexico continues and 10,000 men have been ordered to sail from Toulon and Cherbourg for Vera Cruz. The French Government declares it will follow the same neutrality in the Paraguayan war as in that of Montevideo, and simply enforce the freedom of navigation.

A coup d'etat of the Liberal party took place at Madrid, Narvaez sending in his resignation and the new Government composed of O'Donnell and Calderon. Collantes at once decreed an amnesty to the Press. Several parties have been arrested for the disturbances at Valencia, and Marshal MacKenna appointed to command the province. General Prim is gone to Paris. Emilio Castelar has been restored to office.

Meetings have been held at Palermo and other cities in Italy to protest against the negotiations going on between Victor Emanuel and the Pope, which were interrupted but are likely to terminate satisfactorily. An Irish member of Parliament arrived at Rome to construct a railway to Tivoli. Twenty thousand operatives of Turin have presented a medal to Garibaldi. The brigands in Naples are getting worse, and have carried off several English men, not yet ransomed. Francis II is about to leave Rome, and occupy the palace of Miramar where Maximilian formerly resided.

The Prussian Government has closed the Chamber of Deputies: the question of the Duchies is unsettled. The Prince of Denmark is to be married to the Duchess of Leuchtenberg.

The Belgian Government has negotiated a loan for 60 million francs at and above par.

Letters from Odessa mention tremendous conflagrations at Newelak and other parts of Russia supposed to be the work of incendiaries.

Mr. McKenna of London, one of the originators of the Etchegaray Land Co., has entered into a business of railways in Peru to the amount of 3 millions £ sterling, guaranteed by guano.

The Count and Countess D'Eu arrived at Rio Janeiro from Lisbon: they were received in great style during their tour through Europe, especially by the Queen of Spain and King of Portugal.

The Brazilian iron clad 'Dom Pedro' is at last allowed to leave France for Brazil: she carries 8 guns: 'the Brazil' also arrived at Pernambuco from Marseilles, in 31 days. Great frauds have been discovered in the Treasury at Pernambuco. Another regiment, 502 men, left Rio Janeiro for Rio Grande.

Latest from Mexico reports the rebels used up: Juarez is gone to New Mexico, and is said to have purchased 6 Monitors in the United States.

WANTED A SIGNAL-STAFF.

Somebody once said that people in Buenos Ayres did not understand their most urgent necessities, and when we cast our eyes around, the truth of this axiom is unhappily too evident: no pavement, no drainage, no water-supply—in a word the first requirements of a city absolutely wanting, amid all the luxury and wealth of the metropolis of the River Plate.

But there is one item in particular so all-important in our case, and involving such a very trifling expense, that the only wonder is, how it has been so long forgotten. We mean, a signal-staff for merchants or ship-captains to communicate with the vessels in our roadstead. To appreciate the indispensable utility of this telegraphic apparatus, we have only to consider the labor, risk, and expense at present caused to ship-captains and others merely in sending a message to any vessel in the inner or outer roads. As much as ten hard dollars is not unfrequently paid to send a letter on board, and sometimes to no purpose, as occurred last week with a friend of ours, who despatched a whaleboat to countermand the unshipment of a bale of goods but owing to the distance and delay the order could not reach the vessel before the lighter was already half-way towards the shore.

And in bad weather the inconvenience is still greater, often exposing the lives of our adventurous boatmen almost unnecessarily. But surely we are wasting words, to shew an evil which must be palpable to all: here we are with 100 to 150 foreign vessels constantly in port, at distances up to 7 miles from the shore, and for the most trivial, as well as the most important, matters, the captain or merchant has no means of communicating with his vessel but by hiring a whaleboat at great cost and extraordinary delay.

The next thing after demonstrating a necessity is, to shew how due provision or remedy can be applied, and whether the means can be immediately disposed of. But we will not insult the sagacity of our legislators by supposing from the outset of a few dollars to purchase a flag-staff and signal-colors, and the trifling salary of a clerk to have charge of such office.

The Argentine cow is not wholly milked dry by the demands of the War-office, and although we admit the urgency of army-expenses in a campaign like the present, it must be remembered that the Custom-house of Buenos Ayres is the Treasury of the Republic, and every measure calculated to facilitate commerce is a direct gain to the exchequer.

If Congress has been hitherto ignorant of so pressing a want, if the Press of Buenos Ayres has unwisely limited its attention to unprofitable politics and forgotten such vital matters as the present, if the big and little authorities of the place content themselves with doing just as their fathers did before them, if Ministers give a preferential attention to Artesian Wells in Rioja and the propagation of Eucalyptus Globulus—any or all of these reasons are no excuse why the necessity should be any longer suffered to exist.

Let us now make a step forward, and

shew that when the means are [easily] at hand it is sufficient to point out a great abuse in order to have it at once remedied.

We know the feeling of the commercial public to be entirely with us, and as we are determined to have a signal-staff 'by hook or by crook,' the present notification may be understood as a signal rocket for a grand cannonade to electrify all the Chambers, Ministers, officials, authorities, and big-wigs in Buenos Ayres, and awaken them to the importance of the subject.

THE FLORES EXPEDITION.

ARMY CORRESPONDENCE.

(BY COL. FALLEJAS.)

In camp at Mandisobi, July 22nd 1865. July 17th. To-day's march postponed. All day brushing up arms and accoutrements. Lieut. Donchi arrived with 26 men from Salto: the 8th battalion now musters 58 men. Colonel Januario has brought 2 squadrons of cavalry from Paysandú, and another is expected to-morrow: our total force (Montevideo contingent) now numbers 1500 horse, 1100 foot and 150 gunners. Gen. Suarez shortly expected with 3 Divisions of cavalry. Mue. Flores, alarmed for the General's health, arrives at Salto, but finds him quite recovered.

July 18th. Struck our tents at day-break: packed the sick and baggage in two carts. Fired salute of 21 guns in honor of the anniversary of [Montevideo] Independence. Two Brazilian batts. 5th and 7th of the Line, join our army, having passed the night beyond the Arroyo. Some noise before day-break alarmed our horses and they made a tremendous stampeo, like the rumble of an earthquake or falling avalanche. At 8.30 a. m. we commenced our march along with the two Brazilian battalions, and drew up in line of battle on the crest of a hill half-a-league distant. At 11 o'clock Generals Mitre and Flores with several officers came up, and the Generalissimo pronounced a brilliant harangue, riding along the line and saluting the officers. Continued the march and camped for the night at Gualaguaycito, 3 leagues from Ayui.

At nightfall a terrific storm came on, with rain in torrents and incessant lightning. Such a storm is worse than a defeat. All the tents were blown away except mine and half-a-dozen others. A stroke of lightning fell in Col. Regules's waggon, within 6 inches of his head, and so stunned him as to render him insensible. The sick men suffered terribly.

July 19th. Morning clearing up: storm abating. Still raining at intervals. The Gualaguaycito has overflowed its banks on all sides, and cannot be passed for two or three days. If the Uruguay rises we may go up by water past the falls to attack the enemy in Rio Grande. General Flores is anxious to attack the Paraguayans, and General Suarez will join us opposite Belem with 1200 cavalry. Colonel Irigoyen's cavalry from Paysandú joined us to-day. Poor fellows! they had an awful night of it among the palm-trees.

July 20th. Fine day after a hoar frost. Brushing up arms and accoutrements. A case of lock-jaw with a poor man suffering from tooth-ache. His jaws swelled and stiffened, but by dint of broth, 'mate' and hard rubbing we find him better; perhaps he may recover. No beef to-day: owing to the stampeo among the horses, only a few cows could be got, which General Flores ordered to be distributed among the two Brazilian battalions. This evening arrived the Argentine cavalry regiment San Martin to join us: it comprises 300 lancers and 50 carbineers.

July 21st. Severe frost, the ground a quagmire, and half the province (Entre-Rios) under water: terrific cold. Half-a-cow given to each company: At 9 o'clock struck our tents and descended the slope to ford the the Gualaguaycito, which is still flooded. The cavalry dashed right across: good footing but deep. The infantry under General Castro coasted the stream for 2 leagues and then crossed by a bridge. At 3 p.m. after passing the river and wading bare-foot through several swamps we encamped in a delightful locality on an estancia of Urquiza's.

July 22nd. Marched again at seven

a.m. in four parallel lines, with drums beating and colors flying, the cavalry on the flanks, and the Montevideo and Brazilian infantry side by side in the centre. We continue the march almost without rest, till reaching the banks of the Mandisobi (6 leagues), several soldiers fainting on the way from exhaustion. All this time fasting, and carrying our tents and knapsacks on our backs. The officers lent their horses to those who fainted. At two p.m. we reached the stream, breast of Federacion, the last town in Entre Rios, on the frontier of Corrientes. Catch some fat cattle for dinner, after which Gen. Flores sends us an allowance of tobacco and yerba, to make up for the long march. Fortunato Flores is named commander of the escort.

Several neighbors from Federacion bring us word of the Paraguayans advancing. The town of Uruguayana is deserted, the enemy destroying all before them. At Itaquei the invaders left behind 800 sick: the column on this side of the Uruguay is also suffering from the effects on the swamps, the men being laid up with sore feet. I hope our troops will get boots from Montevideo, for they are nearly here-foot, and will soon be as badly off as the enemy.

'Pueblo' of Montevideo.

GREAT NEWS FROM DOLORES.

NINTH OF JULY

Gentlemen,

As you seldom publish anything from this part of the world, I think it will interest some of your town readers to know how things are going on south of the Salado. Owing to the heavy rains, crossing this river tied on to the tail of a tame horse has again come in vogue. The whole country about here is covered with sheep, 'gringos,' and water. I have travelled all through your north camps, seen your crack estancias up there, stopped at all your agents from Lujan to Rojas, visited every 'puesto,' of an Ingles where I could expect to get a cup of coffee and a pipful of tobacco gratis, and I give you the result of my rambles. Dolores is the land for me. Barring the crossing of the Salado, travelling in the south is infinitely pleasanter than pilgrimating through the north. In the south wherever you go, you find a kind welcome and a good horse, bit in the north there is a touch of the cold shoulder at every house, and an inconvenient scarcity of horses and beds, which is unknown in the hospitable south. The biggest man to-day in the south is your agent in Chacomus: he is in and out and everywhere. From the moment I left the Barraca-bridge until I passed Camarones, I heard of nothing else but this out-and-out agent, who, I learn, is half-proprietor of the Chacomus Railway. We want such a man badly in Dolores, which is a good-sized town enough, but has one great drawback, there is no agency of the 'Standard,' and your poor subscribers have to be running all round the town to find their papers, which unfortunately are left by the 'mayorales' at all the 'fondas' in the town.

I purpose in this letter however to give you a description of the late blow-out we had here, and to leave my notes about the camps for another letter. That every country on the face of the earth has a national feast-day, I suppose is an admitted fact, but somehow during my short residence in B. Ayres, I think that this country has four or five. The 4th of July, I, of course, know all about, but until I got to Dolores I never heard of the 9th of July, which is the day we have all been commemorating.

It may seem amusing to some of your readers that Englishmen would join in a feast and laugh and drink, and get merry, without knowing why or wherefore; but this is an extraordinary country, and we ourselves become extraordinary after a while in it. Hearing that all manner of sport was to come off in Dolores on the 9th, I hurried with my friend, Jack —, into the town at sunrise on that memorable day. The principal 'fonda' is kept by a phlegmatic Basquo. The place is frequented by all our countrymen, as the proprietor admits that he likes the Ingloes, and prefers them to his own people. When we arrived we found the town all astir, and although it was not more than seven o'clock in the morning, the Plaza was crowded.

Having disposed of our horses, we at once set to work to see what was to be seen in the place. The Pyramid was decked out with flags and streamers. I looked for a Union-Jack, but there was none: the streets were crowded with natives on horseback: one would have supposed that not a man had been taken from the Partido to go to Asuncion. Every one seemed to have turned out for the occasion: but although the streets were crowded, shops inviting, crackers firing, and rockets going off, there was nothing to be seen. The National Guards, in white breeches, blue shirts, and 'kepis' formed in the Plaza. I looked at them as they formed in line, the corporal was a small diminutive specimen, evidently not of the Casey family.

His brawny shoulders four feet square,
 His cheeks like thumping red potatoes.

Nothing of the kind, the corporal was a small seedy-looking customer who seemed to be labouring under the apprehension that his men were going to imitate the fellows at Basualdo, for such cutting and shining of toes, heels, and sword-points never before was seen in Dolores. At 12 o'clock we had the poor school to sing the National Hymn. They say that music charms the soul, so I suppose discord must have precisely the same effect; being utterly unable to stand it I cleared out, for such screeching I never before was tortured by. 'Carne con cuero,' and 'sertija' was to wind up the day's sport. This elegant repast was served up on the dirty green sward; the smell of the burnt hide was even worse than the garlic perfume at mine host's; a stranger coming into the town would have supposed some barber's shop was on fire and the accumulated hairs of all the shaven customers of years consigned to the flames. The 'sertija' business nearly had a melancholy termination, for one of my friends having vainly essayed to carry off the ring, succeeded at last in sweeping down the pole to the astonishment of the crowd. The natives were getting annoyed and seeing a storm brewing, I pretended to go off and came back in a moment with news that a commission was coming for 'papelletas'; the ruse took admirably, in an instant the place was cleared, and we returned to our hotel which I christened the 'Garlic Arms.' Here we remained the night with a few friends, all of whom are subscribers to the 'Weekly Standard.' We did our best to amuse ourselves, but the day was a heavy slow business, so before we turned in for the night we determined to teach our landlord how to make a cocktail—he had heard in Buenos Ayres of this drink of the Ingloes, and on condition that he would himself be the first to drink it, we agreed to teach him. Two large jugs having been obtained, we asked for some cabbage-stalks, then we called for bitters, then cayenne pepper, a couple of spoonfuls of caña, a few drops of kerosene, a dose of 'aceite de comen,' and half a glass of raw brandy, with some onion peel—then putting the landlord standing on a chair we got him to mix the liquor by pouring the contents from one jug into another; when it began to froth, I poured it into a glass, and with three cheers for the 9th July gave it to mine host; he drank it off and has not since been able to leave his bed. Thus ended the 9th of July in Dolores, which I hope you will publish and oblige

A DOLORES SUBSCRIBER.

BIRD'S-EYE VIEW OF THE ENEMY'S CAMP.

The Paraguayans have four batteries erected on the Parana below Corrientes to check the advance of the Brazilian fleet. The first at point Mercedes: 38 brass pieces, 12 to 48 pounders, including 8 rifled cannon. The second at Rincon Lagragna, 12 rifled guns of 16 to 60 pounders. The third at Santa Catalina, 3 heavy Armstrong pieces, 65 and 80 pounders. The fourth and largest at the Riachuelo, 60 pieces of heavy calibre, mostly rifled; among these are the splendid guns of the Jequitinhonha, which were spiked by the Brazilians with common nails, but in ten minutes a Paraguayan blacksmith drew all the nails, and the engineer Bruges mounted them with the others in casemates constructed of enormous sand-bags. This battery is also furnished with a portable forge for throwing red-hot cannon-balls into the adversary's ships.

The army of Robles exceeds 25,000 men with 60 pieces of cannon, of which 50 are guns in position and 10 light field-ordnance. The infantry soldiers carry 60 rounds of ball-cartridge, musket, bayonet and dagger. The lancers, lance, sabre and 'bolas.' The chasseurs, carbine, sabre and 'bolas.' The pretended defeat of 3,000 Paraguayans, with 500 prisoners and 40 baggage-waggons taken by Gen. Caceres, was a stupendous invention: you may readily imagine how impossible it would be for the latter with a handful of guerillas to attack so formidable an army as that of Robles.

The 'Standard' is wrong in its account of the Battle of Riachuelo, estimating that the Paraguayan fleet carried 60 guns: the numbers were as follows:—

Tacuari 6, Igurey 2 (swivels), Paraguay 2 (swivels), Salto 2, Pirabebe 1, Jeyu 2, Marques Olinda 2, and five flat-boats 1 each—total 23 pieces. The land-battery counted 35 guns, of which 11 were disabled during the combat.

El Pueblo.

DEATH AND FUNERAL OF MR. PHIBBS.

Falmouth. 20th June, 1865.

Dear Sirs,

It is a duty and a most melancholy one I have to perform—and sorry I feel the British public of Buenos Ayres will be to hear of the death of our lamented friend Mr. S. R. Phibbs, which took place on Tuesday the 13th instant at 2 p.m.

Shortly after his return from the R. Plato he had a sickness, and from which he never recovered; other bad symptoms set in, and though the best medical skill was employed, he continued growing gradually worse until it pleased God to relieve him from pain, and take him to his rest.

For these last six months the agony he suffered was frightful—incessant pain, day and night, night and day—one heavy ache

It is at these times that a man's qualities shine out, and those who knew Mr. Phibbs in health will be glad to find that when death came he met it like a Christian soldier. He bore his burthen bravely—no murmur of repining or impatience escaped from him—ever thoughtful of others, ever careful of giving trouble to those about him.

Though his body was racked with pain his mind was at peace. His firm hope and trust was in God, and God has taken him home.

His funeral took place on Saturday, the 17th, and was attended by a large number of his sincere friends, among whom was Mr. W. R. Gilmour, of your city, who was with him at his decease. His last wishes were complied with, that there should be no show or ostentation at his funeral.

Beautiful was the day which saw him carried to his grave: fit emblem of that brighter day above. Sorrowful were the faces which were gathered round his tomb. High, and solemn, and grand, were the words of the burial service. 'Ashes to ashes, and dust to dust,' and the mourners went on their way.

It is not for me to write an eulogium on our departed friend's worth: all those who may read the account of his death will pronounce it themselves, and there will be many a heart in the city and camp which will be touched and softened at the remembrance of the one who is gone. A good man has been taken from us, and one who loved his neighbour better than himself.

I remain, dear Sirs,

Your truly,

EDWARD CLIFTON CAENE.

Argentine Consul.

Messrs. M. G. & E. Mulhall.

74 Calle Belgrano, B. Ayres.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The camp after all is the great place for making money, the city may have its temptations and allurements, but the camp is the spot for realizing a fortune. Yesterday morning the sole topic in town was the daring bank robbery at Dolores: Fifteen gentlemen of the Poucho tribe finding business very dull, determined to open an account with the Dolores bank, and for that purpose secreted themselves in an adjoining house, at three o'clock in the morning cut a hole through the wall of the bank, and got into the money department. It speaks for the able management of that institution, the

fact that there was only 800 paper dollars in the cash-box. The porter heard the noise and gave the alarm: off scurried the fifteen customers of the bank through the hole in the wall, and none of them have since been heard of.

The French packet arrived yesterday morning, and brought 9 sacks of newspapers and letters; owing to the mails coming ashore rather late, the letters, &c. were not delivered as early as usual.

Mr. Jones, the manager of the London and River Plate Bank in Montevideo, has presented the statutes of his bank to the Government, and petitioned for the right of emission. The documents were laid before the Fiscal and approved. The Government therefore has granted the privilege of emission, but we see nothing about the new notes, for what amounts, &c. It is probable that they will be the same as the Maná bills, on a like scale.

We regret to read in some of our provincial exchanges some grave rumours about bands of robbers which keep prowling about the departments of San Alberto and San Xavier in Cordova. It is to be hoped that the Provincial Government will at once give chase to these highwaymen.

Cataldi's Album for Sr. Villalba, we hear, will not be sent down to Montevideo until the talented engraver gets paid his bill, which is only one thousand two hundred pounds sterling. If the admirers of Sr. Villalba are backward in making up the amount, we suppose the costly tribute of esteem will be raffled or auctioned. It is really well worth an inspection, and can be seen in front of the 'Tribuna' office, in Calle Victoria.

The Tevero arrived yesterday evening, but brought nothing new. The rumour about the Flores victory all bosh. Flores was at latest dates at Monte Caseros, the Paraguayans coming slowly down, and the allied camp in the same place.

The packet has brought letters from Dn. Norberto Riestra, who had arrived safely at Lisbon. A private letter from London, which we received, states:—"The war with Paraguay will do a world of good, for it will concentrate an immense amount of interest on that particular country, and the riverine territory of South America, which would not otherwise be brought to bear for years and years to come, and the visit of Sr. Riestra will cap the climax of this particular degree of interest having reference to a demand for money. I have no doubt, that if he is in a position to offer anything like tangible security, he will be enabled to contract for his loan on advantageous terms. On yesterday I had a long conversation with the manager of one of the largest financial companies on this subject, which, to say the least, will do 'no harm' to the credit of the Republic and to the cause of South American progress."

There is a current rumour through town that England and France have formed an alliance offensive and defensive against the United States. Many persons here seem to regard a war between America, and France and England as imminent. We earnestly trust that such is not the case, as such a war would ruin the whole world. We notice that the 'Nacion Argentina' flatly contradicts the report that Dr. Carriego has taken Sr. Estrada's place. We are surprised that some of our colleagues fell into such a blunder. The Emperor of Brazil we hear has bought 20,000 slaves to make soldiers for the present war. This is decidedly the most novel way of recruiting: why does not the Emperor send to Europe; although the recruits might cost more, they would certainly prove better soldiers.

Colonel Oliveira, having crossed over to the Department of Paysandú at the head of a few followers has still further fanned the dying embers of party discord. Some of the dominant party go even so far as to find fault with the military arrangements of the Allies and argue that in the present posture of affairs General Flores in place of advancing on the smaller force of the Paraguayans, would have been more in his place and more usefully employed on the frontier of this State.

Although I am far from assenting to the arguments brought forward to prove the unguarded state of our frontier and the possibility of an unopposed irruption of the enemy, yet if unwary and unthinking talkers are to be alone heard, something like a panic may be caused that will require the most energetic efforts of the Government to counteract its bad effects. The 'Reforma Pacifica' continues of course its propaganda, and acts marvellously well under the circumstances, and, considering into whose hands it has descended, the whipper-in of a semi-defunct political party. Its sympathetic 'Paraguayadas' act most effectively on the nervous temperament of its partisans.

The Government fortunately turned a deaf ear to the monstrous pretensions of a few interested parties who found a ready supporter in the 'Reforma Pacifica,' to have the shops and stores closed during the time that the National Guard should be exercising on parade.

After writing my former letter I was assured by some of the Ministers that nothing was further from their intention than to accede to such a preposterously anti-economical demand. The Chief of Police was instructed to cancel the former decree that made it obligatory on tradesmen to close their places of business. This is again a step in the right direction.

Business has been very dull during the last few days though an almost imperceptible improvement is now noticeable. Yesterday the 'Carmel' arrived from Rio Janeiro with the mail from Bordeaux, with letters from England to the 24th ult. Of course she does not bring as late dates as the Limaña. By a sailing vessel from Rio Grande yesterday we learn that it was currently reported in that city that the Emperor had made a purchase of 20,000 negroes with the object of forming an army in the present emergency.

The old fashioned proverb, or saying, of, 'it never rains but it pours,' may be applied with justice to the present state of the luminaries of the Montevidean press and their relations with one another. We have a perfect plethora of press accusations; the 'Siglo' has accused the 'Reforma Pacifica' for this paper having overstepped the bounds of fraternal respect and amity in representing most unjustly the 'Siglo' as subsidized by the Government. The 'Tribuna' was about to do the same when lo! it found itself accused in its turn by a Frenchman who stands accused of one of the most odious crimes that can pollute and debase any social community. Without going into the sickening details it will be sufficient to say that the 'Tribuna' having been imperturbed by a poor man who represented his daughter, a tender child of 8 years old, as having been seduced by a certain schoolmaster, a Frenchman took up the matter and called the attention of the authorities to the crime alleged to be committed: this however was done without naming the supposed criminal, but it would seem that some lawyers have thought fit to defend the case; few will envy them the task.

There is one thing to be noted, that the individual who now stands accused by the father of the child and with whom I have had occasion to speak on the subject, is a freemason and the fact being referred to in the 'Tribuna,' the matter has since taken a more serious turn, and become complicated. It is a strange and revolting story from the commencement, and stranger still in its developments. It seems not a little curious that the man who stands accused of such a crime, whose innocence is at least, very far from being proved, should have the right of accusing judicially the 'Tribuna' for only calling the attention of the authorities to the question. *Cala ve sans dire that those whose duty*

It was to follow up the case had betrayed a certain laxity in their way of conducting the matter until the 'Tribuna' took it up and called public attention to the facts of the case.

ON 'CHANGE.
July 29, 1865.
Paper price of ounces, 450j
Do of sovereigns, 137j
First price of patacons 28 20
Second 28 10
Last do 28 15
Cash sales, 130,676.

TIMBER SALES.
For Monday 95,500 28 10
Saturday 2,000 28 10
August 31 19,000 27 95
Do. 15 19,000 28 05
Sept. 30 27,000 27 75
Total sales, 320,676

BOLIVIANOS.
1700 Bolivianos at 20j per oz.
Gold for paper money was theory on 'Change to-day. Patacons ran down sensibly, owing to heavy cash sales, and one or two influential parties coming into the market for paper money. Patacons could hardly be weaker. Any intrepid bear' could have driven the market price of specie down at least 50 centimos, but there are neither 'bulls' nor 'bears' on 'Change now. The times are critical, and speculators keep aloof from 'the mill.' The Tevero was coming up when patacons closed, but before half-past three o'clock it was rumoured that Flores had obtained a splendid victory, and in the liquidation-room on the strength of this news there were sellers at 28.05. The French packet has brought gold for all.

For the Government 196,550 francs.
London and River Plate Bank, £6,850 sterling.
The Rio de la Plata brought up from Montevideo for Messrs. Barbour, Barclay, and Co. £800 sterling.
The commercial advices by packet show a firm wool market at home and tallow rising. Money was very abundant, and a very active demand in Manchester for goods; things looked so bad in the East that English houses refused to ship further to Bombay. Money in London was worth three per cent, but a sort of Mexican cloud hung over the Stock Exchange, which disturbed confidence. Now companies were still all the rage. The meeting of the shareholders of the London and River Plate Bank passed off very quietly, every one being satisfied with the lucrative business which the Bank was doing in Buenos Ayres.

The Herschell steamship is expected hourly in Montevideo; she will bring no later news than the Limaña. One of the agents was to have left this night for Montevideo to await her arrival in that port.
Business in specie was brisk amongst the brokers, who are busy closing up the month's accounts, but outside orders are very scarce. Paper money is said to be growing very tight, and commands a greater interest than gold. Collections through town bad, and shopkeepers and merchants complaining. Coal is so scarce that it can't be got in large quantities, and salt also is said to have an upward tendency.

MARRIAGE.
In San Antonio de Arco on the 5th of July, by the Rev. T. Curran, Thomas, second son of Mr. P. Wheeler, of San Andrés de Giles, to Bridget, second daughter of the late Mr. John Murtagh, of Barradero.

Theatre Franco-Argentin.
BOUFFES PARISIENS.
Sous la direction de Mr. D'Hoto.
13ème représentation du 5ème anniversaire.
LA PETITE POLOGNE.
Drame en 5 actes.
On commencera 7 1/2 h.

La Bienhechora del Plata.
JUNTA GENERAL DE SUSCRITORES.
En cumplimiento del Art. 77 de los Estatutos, se cita a todos los Suscritores a la reunion general que tendra lugar este año en las oficinas de la Direccion, el dia 20 de Agosto a las 2 de la tarde. Los boletines de que trata el artículo 81 estarán en las mismas oficinas desde el dia 1º de dicho mes, a disposicion de los Sres. Suscritores. Se recuerda a estos Señores el contenido del Art. 82 que dice: "Los ausentes podrán ser representados en la Junta General, previa presentacion de carta de autorizacion para obtener el boleto de entrada."
Buenos Ayres, Julio 28 de 1865.
El Delegado del Gobierno, El Director General,
J. M. CANTILLO. F. F. MORENO.
152. - 20p j30.

Steam to Valparaiso.
The Pacific Steam Navigation Co's Steamer "SANTIAGO" will be despatched from Liverpool on or about the fifteenth proximo, and is expected to arrive at Montevideo about the beginning of September, starting immediately for the above port. For further particulars apply to
BATES, STOKES & CO.
151. - 30p j 30

For Valparaiso, direct.
The new A. L. English Barque "CLIFTON," 370 tons register, fitted master, now in this port, will be despatched as above, in a few days. For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations for first and second class passengers, apply to the consignee,
SAMUEL B. HALE & CO.,
Reconquista, No. 24.
7 - 6p j 24

For Liverpool Direct.
The favourite well known British Barque "ISTRIA," will arrive here on Monday, having taken in her cargo at Fray Bentos, who will remain in this port only two days, for the purpose of taking those passengers already engaged and others who may present themselves, she has a few vacancies for cabin passengers only. For further particulars apply to the Agent
GEORGE WILKS,
Office No. 7 calle Mayo, Buenos Ayres.
139 - 6p j 28

Notice.
Persons wishing to have Wine bottled from casks, will find their orders promptly attended to by applying to Mr. Arbiouille, 106 Balgrano.
149 - 3p j 30

Housemaid.
Wanted a good Housemaid with good recommendations. Apply 243 Calle Corrientes.
160 - 1m j 29

Wanted.
A Girl to carry a baby, and who will be willing to make herself generally useful. Apply at the points of the late Admiral Brown.
115 - 3p - j 30.

Wanted Situation.
A sober steady man wants situation in town as caretaker, porter, &c., good references given. Apply at this office.
116. - 3p j 29

Wanted.
A German Woman wants an engagement as Cook, house or children's servant, if possible at an Estancia. Apply to Mrs. Adams, 153 calle Colon, Montevideo.
138. - 3p j 28

English Teacher.
Wanted an English Teacher at the Colegio Commercial de Santa Lucia, Calle Buen Orden No. 760.
127. - 3p j 27.

Wanted.
A Steward and Housemaid with good characters, No 120 Calle Parquo.
116. - 3p j 27

Wanted.
By a young Englishman a situation in a Merchant's or Broker's office, has been 14 years in Buenos Ayres, understands bookkeeping and has first-class references. Address X. Y. Z., 41 San Martin.
120 - 3p j 27.

Wanted.
Good Smiths and Boiler-makers, to whom liberal wages will be given; none need apply but experienced workmen. Apply Paseo Julio 117.
121 - 6p j 26

Visiting Governess.
A lady experienced in teaching, offers her services to private families in giving lessons of English, French, Music and Drawing. Address a note to VISITOR at this office.
103. - 3p j 23

Cook and Housemaid.
Two respectable young women (sisters) seek a situation as above. Address at Calle Corrientes No. 63j.
105. - 6p j 23.

Governess.
An English lady of superior education and great experience as a Governess seeks an engagement; her course of instruction embraces all branches essential for an accomplished English lady. Apply by note to Miss H. Standard office.
87. - 6p j 20.

Tutor.
A German Gentleman accustomed to Tuition wishes for an engagement as Daily Tutor in a family or school. For particulars apply B. S. Standard office.
119. - 12p j 21

Wanted.
A married couple, English or Scotch preferred, for an English Establishment in the Banda Oriental, the man for Estancia work and the woman to take charge of a family of children, or an elderly woman (single) for the same.
Apply at 120 Calle Piedad.
176. - 1m j 2

Land on Sale.
In Banda Oriental.
3 suertes in the department of Colonia, excellent land for Sheep, it will be sold in one or three lots to suit purchasers, also 3,000 sheep with or without the land, there is buildings in each suerte. Apply to 46 calle Reconquista.
156 - 3p j 30

On Sale and to Rent.
3,000 excellent Sheep and the Land with some good Publications, Corns, and all that is needed for the establishment; the Sheep will be sold low and the rent of the land will be moderate; for the term of five years. Apply to 46 calle Reconquista.
140 - 3p j 28

Furnished Apartments.
In an English family with or without board, 122 Calle Bolívar—formerly at 162 Calle Mejico.
68. - 12p j 68

To Rent.
Eight or ten puestos on an Estancia in the Banda Oriental in front of the Island of Martin Garcia; also stones for sale on the same Estancia to require the streets of Buenos Ayres. Apply at G. BELLANDSON, 151 Calle Moreno, or at the Estancia in question, or at the San Antonio Department Curule.
28. - 1m j 21

AUCTION SALE.
BY
GAMBOA & Co.
On the night of Tuesday and Wednesday, the 1st. and 2nd. August at half-past seven o'clock sharp, will be sold by public auction at the house 121 calle Piedad, to the highest bidder for cash only the following articles.
Almohadones firmados, bordados de relieve, pantalón, zapaticos, gorros de seda, para hombre, pañuelos, papeles, tarjetas bordadas para señoras, pulseras, broches de plata, relojes, almohadones bordados, portamonedas, estuches de cigarros, cajas grandes, canastos riquísimos bordados para trajes, estuches, frascos para esencias, limpiapiumas, termómetros, muñecas de porcelana con trajes bordados, postales, sacos para viajes, idem para noche, gran cantidad de dibujos para bordar, lanas, sedas, antepeños, canutillos de oro, canutillos de una infinidad de artículos y bordados para adornos a propósito para bordar fuera, como encajes de lino, almohadones, baneros y otros variados. Desde este día por la mañana la casa estará en posesion.
151. - 3p j 29

REMATE POR MARIANO BILLINGHURST.
En su casa calle de Potosí No. 70.
De una rica y especial colección de cuadros pintados y de adorno, así como de libros, artefactos, de la quinta del Sr. Ruschenthal, entre la cual hay mucho de nuevo, rico y curioso, perteneciente al Sr. Lassan encargado de aquel establecimiento, y que acaba recientemente de llegar de Europa.
El miércoles 2 del Agosto a las 11 en punto de la mañana se rematará esa colección, sin falcatruque, a la más alta postura y dinero de contado, bien entendido que no hay más pormenor que este, segun de que los compradores serán acreedores a los objetos en presencia de la piedad y por el capisno gusto con que el Sr. Lassan ha confeccionado la colección que ofrece en este remate.
122. - xp j 26

Water-Power Flouring Mill.
To be sold at Auction
By MARIANO BILLINGHURST.
On the joint order and special authorization of H. R. Helpe, United States Consul, acting representative of the deceased Hollman, Hunger Taggart, and Mr. Joseph Langevin, surviving partner of the said deceased.
Will be sold at the Paso de Morales, on the River Las Conchas, two leagues North of Moron, for cash, to the highest bidder, on Tuesday the 16th day of August next, the well known Water Power Flouring Mill, constructed on the North American model, by Langevin and Taggart, and which is now offered for sale solely for the purpose of closing the estate of the deceased partner, Mr. Taggart, who was accidentally drowned in January last.
The Mill and every part of its machinery, is in good working condition. It operates on the principle of the central discharge wheel, has one ton of stones, an improved smut machine, fast chaff bolting gear, and will grind about fifty barrels per day.
Belonging to the Mill, as appurtenances, are nearly six squares of land, and an ordinary dwelling house, all of which will be sold, without reserve, as one property.
NOTICE.
All persons indebted to the estate of Hollman Hunger Taggart, deceased, are requested to call

at once at the United States Consulate and settle: and all creditors of the estate will likewise please come, by or before the 16th August next, and present their claims for liquidation.
H. R. HELPE, U. S. Consul,
JOSEPH LANGEVIN, Surviving Partner of H. H. TAGGART.
Buenos Ayres, July 14, 1865.
N.B.—The sale will take place precisely at 1 o'clock, and at 10 o'clock, parties interested will be provided with carriages to convey them up to the premises.
70. - 2m j 15

AUCTION SALE
Of Sewing Machines,
BY THOMAS GOWLAND,
At the Store Calle Peru No. 47,
On Wednesday, 2nd August, at 11 o'clock, will be sold to highest bidder a large and splendid assortment of Sewing Machines, suitable for Families, Semipretresses, Tailors, Saddlers, Shoemakers, Sail Makers, &c.
These Machines are from the well known manufacturers, Singer, Wheeler and Wilson, Glover and Baker, Imperials, &c.
Also a complete assortment of Needles, Silk, Thread, and other articles appertaining.
Also will be sold the only Machines that have as yet been imported here for making button holes, eye holes, &c.
109 - 9p j 23

BOOKS! BOOKS!
Just Opened
Juveniles
Prize & Gift Books
The British Posts
Most of Messrs. Routledge, Worne and Routledge's Publications.
NUEVA LIBRERIA INGLESA,
75 - Calle San Martin - 75.
(Nearly Opposite the Bolsa).
N.B.—Price of said Books \$8 per Shilling.

Webster's 4to Pictorial.
The new edition with 3,000 illustrations.
A few copies of this invaluable work can be had at the Nueva Libreria Inglesa, nearly opposite the Bolsa, 75 San Martin.
145 - xp j 29

Magazines and Periodicals.
For May and June, 1865.
Harper's Monthly Magazine, May.
Godey's Lady's Book, June.
Harper's Weekly to May 27th.
Frank Leslie's Illustrated New York Ledger to June 3rd.
JUNOR & BRILL,
196 Reconquista.
Agents in Montevideo Messrs. F. Sprunck and Co., 95 calle Zaveria.
147 - 3p j 29

Novels! Novels!
A splendid assortment just received from London and New York, at LOEBEL'S, nearly opposite the Bolsa.
144 - xp j 29

NOTICE.
The undersigned begs to inform their customers and the public in general that they have just received direct from Europe a large assortment of
Dinner Sets, Coffee Sets, Tea Sets, Dessert Sets,
of the newest patterns and latest designs, and respectfully invite them to visit their establishment
DEFENSA 37,
(Corner of Potosí).
For buyers from the camp they can particularly recommend their Yellow Stone Ware, as being the cheapest and most durable class of ware ever introduced into this country. Earthenware, China, and Glass of all descriptions.
WILLIAM FERGUSON & CO.,
Defensa and Potosí.
131. - 1m w & j 28

Notice.
The owner of a large box of clothes, which was left about a year past at No. 48 Calle Reconquista, is requested to call for them immediately, if not they will be given to the poor.
6 - 3p d 1p w 11

British Barque PARTHAN.
The undersigned, Consignee of the above Barque, will not be responsible for any debts contracted by Captain Butler, or any of the crew on board of the said vessel after this date, without their sanction.
C. T. GETTING & Co.
66 Calle Defensa, 27 July, 1865.
129. - 3p j 27.

Judicial Order.
By order of the Judge en Sala, Instancia in the Civil Court Dr. D. Jorge Echoburu, under date 21st July 1865. Eugenio Aguirre is cited to appear at the Court House of the Justice of Peace of Lobos, that he may be notified the Judicial Order respecting the sale of the sheep belonging to the late Matthew Scally. Buenos Ayres, July 21th 1865.
J. T. Fox, Curator to the Estate.
Calle Bolívar 161.
115. - 3 p - j 26.

Judicial Order.
The Judge en Sala, Instancia in the Civil Court Dr. D. Jorge Echoburu, has ordered that all who should themselves be entitled to the property left by the death of George A. Gibbons father as heirs or creditors to present their claims within thirty days through the office of the notary Francisco Baggio. Buenos Ayres, July 21st 1865.
J. T. Fox, Curator to the Estate
Calle Bolívar 161.
114. - 3p - j 26.

Just Received.
At the Drapery establishment calle del Peru No. 68 and 69, a small lot of Table Covers and Curtains of a new fabric, fine-simile of those manufactured for H.R.H. the Duke of Cambridge, also samples of superior Axminster Carpets.
112 - 6p j 29

Just Received.
ALBERT HERRING, Butcher,
11 Paso de Julio.
112 - 6p j 23

Just Received.
"Harper's Weekly" to 20th May inst.
"Frank Leslie's Illustrated"
All per steamer.
JUNOR & BRILL, 196 Reconquista.
110 - 6p j 24

Just Received.
MATTISON'S Linerick Bacon.
HERBERTAN HOUSE,
66 - Piedad - 66.
106. - 6p j 23.

JOHN GREENWAY,
Agent for the Bond of Underwriters "in New York." Apply at 186 Tucumán from 8 to 10 a.m. or 5 to 7 p.m., or at the Exchange rooms from midday to 4 p.m.

THE LONDON OF ENGLISH LIFE.
The six volumes of this extraordinary work show at a glance to what it owes its singular success in England. Written by the most brilliant literateurs of London, and with nearly 600 exquisite illustrations by the first artists of the day, they present the most curious and interesting collection ever drawn together of tales, sketches, and humorous descriptions, representing not only the strange and varied phases of London life, but of Modern English Society, whether considered in its in-door or out-door aspect—in its fiscal or domestic character. From the court of St. James's to the walls and streets of our civilization, all ranks and classes are depicted, at work or at play—in mind or in soulless.
No other series of volumes in our language presents so much in the form of light and amusing literature for the hours of relaxation—none which so brings out the grace and glory of English life by matchless delineations of its youth and beauty. It is unique in English literature, and the possessor of a set of London Society holds a sovereign charm against hours of ennui.
A few copies of the six volumes of this attractive work on sale by the undersigned.
H. LOEBEL,
Nueva Libreria Inglesa,
75 San Martin, nearly opposite the Bolsa.
143 - xp j 29

PARKINSON Y FRODSMAN,
FABRICANTES DE CRONOMETROS
Y Relojes para la Real Armada de la Gran Bretaña y de la Compañía de las Indias, de la Marina Real de España, de S. M. el Emperador de las Rusias, de S. M. el Emperador de Austria, del Gobierno Federal de los Estados Unidos y de otras Naciones Maritimas.
No. 4, CHANCE ALLEY, COUNMILL, En frente de la Bolsa Real.
LONDRES.
Cronómetros de Bolillo, Relojes de escape Duplex y de escape libre y Compensacion, Repetidores, Relojes Astronómicos, &c., &c.
Agent in Buenos Ayres for the sale of the above. J. H. Paul, Pott & Co. Rivadavia 165.
142. - xp j 29.

European Agency,
Buenos Aires,
266 - VENEZUELA - 266
The European Agency established in this capital directed by undersigned, offers its services in every kind of commissions, negotiations, and subscriptions.
132 - 3p j 29
J. C. CERVELLO, S.

Las Campanillas
Polka para piano, de Gustavo Neesler, se vende en los almacenes de música de los Sres. Guzmán, Jacoby y Doménigo, y Cornu. 98. - 6p j 28.

Estancia for Sale.
To intending sheepfarmers.
For sale an Estancia near Mercedes, Banda Oriental, 4 leagues of land and 15,000 sheep, a few cattle, horses, corn, and 18 horses further particulars apply at 17 Florida, any day between 12 and 1.
148 - 6p j 29

THE ENGLISH SCHOOL.
The undersigned begs to inform the public, that the limited number of pupils received at this institution, has been reached, and that no more boys can be admitted until vacancies occur.
Buenos Aires, July 26th 1865.
136. - 3p j 28
G. RYAN.

Steam Engines.
On Sale Four Steam Engines of the following dimensions.
One 6 Horse power, High pressure Horizontal Engine, Cylinder 6 inches diameter and 11 inches stroke.
One High pressure Horizontal Engine, Cylinder 11 inches diameter, and 18 inches stroke.
One High pressure Horizontal Engine, Cylinder 10 1/2 inches diameter, and 18 inches stroke.
One 16 Horse-power Portable Steam Engine on four wheels, Cylinder 11 1/2 inches diameter and 16 inches Stroke.
All of the above complete with boiler, mountings &c. For further particulars apply to JAMES SEMPLE & Co., Calle Chacabuco 81 & 83.
121. - 6p j 27.

First-rate opportunity for Medianeros.
For sale from one to three flocks of Merino Sheep in the Estancia Santa Sofia, in the neighborhood of the Paso Palmar, Rio Negro, Banda Oriental.
The necessary grazing land including Puestos and Cordeles can be let on easy terms for a number of years, affording thus to young men with some capital, a good opportunity to settle at once without great extra expenses.
The average increase on the Estancia has been hitherto forty per cent per annum, which speaks for the good quality of the land.
For further particulars apply to
W. WILCKEN,
Calle de 18 Julio No. 167,
Montevideo.
131. - 1m w & d j 27

El Sabado 29 de Julio,
Apertura
Del Café Restaurant de Rin,
123 - Calle Piedad - 123.
126. - 3p j 27.

CARLOS W. CAMPBELL,
Public Land Surveyor, offers his professional services to the English proprietors. Apply to the 'Universelle' near the Bolsa, or 102 Calle del Peru.
128. - 6p j 27.

F. BRABY'S & CO'S,
ZINC ROOFING.
On Sale
MOOR, PUNCH & TUDOR,
83 Perú.
123. - 6p j 27.

Dr. Lopez,
Lato Secretary of the Argentine Legation to Paris, on his coming back has opened his Abogado office, where foreigners may consult their affairs in English, French, Italian and German, calle Potosí No. 124.
118. - 4p j 27

Bristol Bird's-eye Tobacco.
W. D. and H. O. Willie's Bristol Bird's-eye Tobacco on sale at 122 Calle Esmeralda. Please apply between the hours of 7 to 9 at night.
53. - 24p j 13

WILLIAM M. MOONEY,
WOOL-BROKER.
NO. 752 CALLE PIEDAD.
Buenos Ayres.
161. - xp m 28

Nuevas Mensagerias Argentinas.
ABAMBLEA
Cumpliendo la Divise on con la que previene artículo 68 de sus Estatutos, invita a los Sres. Suscritores de la Asamblea General que deban verificarse el día 5 de del entrante Agosto a las 6 de la tarde en las oficinas de casa Sociedad, Calle de San Martin, No. 87, suplicando a los señores interesados la puntual asistencia.
Buenos Ayres, 19 de Julio, 1865.
El Gerente,
JUAN CASADO.

La Provincia Argentina.
ABAMBLEA
Cumpliendo la Divise on con la que previene artículo 68 de sus Estatutos, invita a los Sres. Suscritores de la Asamblea General que deban verificarse el día 5 de del entrante Agosto a las 6 de la tarde en las oficinas de casa Sociedad, Calle de San Martin, No. 87, suplicando a los señores interesados la puntual asistencia.
Buenos Ayres, 19 de Julio, 1865.
El Gerente,
JUAN CASADO.

Wanted.
A Girl to carry a baby, and who will be willing to make herself generally useful. Apply at the points of the late Admiral Brown.
115 - 3p - j 30.

Wanted Situation.
A sober steady man wants situation in town as caretaker, porter, &c., good references given. Apply at this office.
116. - 3p j 29

Mutual Life Insurance and Saving Fund Association.
 Guaranteed by National Bonds at 6 per cent consolidated. For the formation of Capital, annuities, Income, &c. Authorized by special decree of the National Government dated May 7, 1864. Government Delegate.
 Sr. Dr. José M. Cantilo, Managing Committee.
 Sr. Dr. Mariano Miró, President
 Eduardo Lumbré, Vocal
 Enrique Ochoa
 Pedro Holterhoff.
 José Martínez de Hoz, Consulting Committee
 Dn. Mariano Cabal
 Jorge Temperley
 Ambrosio P. Lezica
 Hugo Bunge
 Luis Carrere de la casa Apeategui, Imos.
 Director General.
 Sor. Dr. Francisco F. Moreno, Inspector General in the Argentine and Oriental Republics.
 Señor Dr. Jorge Perey, Residence—118 Calle Piedad (2d altos).
 Bankers—The Provincial Bank.
 Condition on the 31st May, 1865.
 Capital subscribed during the first ten months of existence, 1,100,000 hard dollars.
 Number of Policies, 820.
 Bonds purchased, 88,000 hard dollars.
 The Bionchera offers three various modes of Insurance to its subscribers: 1st, with the loss of capital by the death of the Insured party; 2nd, without loss of capital in said event; 3rd, with mere compound interest.
 In the first form the Insured party has a right to:
 1. To compound interest on the bonds purchased by the capitals received by the Company.
 2. To a proportionate share of the capitals and interest of those who die in their respective sections.
 3. To a proportionate share of the Capitals and Interests of forfeited subscriptions.
 4. To a proportion of gains resulting from increased value of the National Bonds acquired by the inversion of funds.
 In the second form the Insured claims
 1. Compound Interest on the National Bonds purchased by the Association.
 2. A proportionate share of the Interest due on the Capitals of those who die in the respective sections, which capitals are returned to the subscribers
 3. A proportion of the interest due on forfeited shares.
 4. A proportionate share of the profits arising from the increased value of the National Bonds, acquired by inversion of funds.
 Finally, in the third form, gives a right to the corresponding interest produced by their subscriptions, and the successive reinvestment of such interest, effected quarterly, with the coupons are paid up by the public treasury.
 In the third form, the Insured party, in the event of his death, is entitled by the combination effected by the Association, to the National Bonds of the Government, and the interest produced by the 6 per cent Consolidated Bonds, that being for a period, the result given by other companies established precisely in the same form and basis, but with an accumulative interest much less than that gained by the "Mutual Life," that it is enabled to present as positive the following table showing the gradual progression of capitals for a specification of:

On the head of a child from 1 day to 1 year.	In 5 years.	In 10 years.	In 15 years.	In 20 years.	In 25 years.
100	1200	4350	9800	21500	50000
200	2400	8700	19600	43000	100000
300	3600	13050	29400	64500	150000
400	4800	17400	39200	86000	200000
500	6000	21750	49000	107500	250000
600	7200	26100	58800	129000	300000
700	8400	30450	68600	150500	350000
800	9600	34800	78400	172000	400000
900	10800	39150	88200	193500	450000
1000	12000	43500	98000	215000	500000

On the head of a child from 1 day to 1 year.	In 5 years.	In 10 years.	In 15 years.	In 20 years.	In 25 years.
100	1200	4350	9800	21500	50000
200	2400	8700	19600	43000	100000
300	3600	13050	29400	64500	150000
400	4800	17400	39200	86000	200000
500	6000	21750	49000	107500	250000
600	7200	26100	58800	129000	300000
700	8400	30450	68600	150500	350000
800	9600	34800	78400	172000	400000
900	10800	39150	88200	193500	450000
1000	12000	43500	98000	215000	500000

THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT OF BUENOS AYRES.
 49 & 51—DEFENSA—49 & 51.

GALBRAITH & HUNTER
 100 Silver Dollars annually, with loss of Capital through the death of the Insured.

THE QUEEN VINE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
 CAPITAL—£3,000,000.
 Chief Offices, QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS LIVERPOOL.
 Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate, Barbour, Barclay, and Co CALLE CHACABUCO, 13.
 Sept. 40.

INGLADORE'S AGENCIA DE LAS MENSAJERIAS CORREOS NACIONALES.
 For Cordoba, Santiago, Tucuman, Salto, Jujuy, Catamarca, San Geronimo, Villavieja, Rio Cuarto, San Luis, Mendoza, San Juan.
 Merchants and Passengers for the Provinces will please take notice that the Agency for the above Diligences has been removed from 127 Calle 25 de Mayo, to the Steamboat Agency, No. 1 Calle Cuyo, and that in future Tickets for the Diligences that start from Rosario can be obtained there. Encomendas, &c., will be received up to 6 o'clock the evening before the sailing of the steamers for Rosario, and all parcels from the Provinces will be delivered at No. 1, Calle Cuyo.
 Buenos Ayres, January 17, 1865
 17. 18. HENRY DOWSE.

THE "IRISHMAN."
 The National Journal of Ireland. Price—Stamped, 4d; Unstamped, 3d. Registered at the General Post Office, London, for transmission abroad.
 Terms of Subscription for the Stamped Edition, payable in advance—Yearly, 17s. 4d.; Half-Yearly, 8s. 8d.; Quarterly, 4s. 4d.; Unstamped—Yearly 13s.; Half-Yearly, 6s. 6d. Quarterly, 3s. 3d.
 Subscriptions received at this office.
 The Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway
 Hurrah! for Chacabuco.
 Buenos! Buenos! Buenos!!!
 Winter goods of every description just received by J. O. WYLLIE & Co. 148. m v d m 24

COMMERCIAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.
 Capital—£3,500,000 fully subscribed.
 Agents for Buenos Ayres and the River Plate.
 BRANDT SOHN, and CO., CALLE VICTORIA, 202. J1. 1m

Sewing Machines.
 A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and most improved inventions, and of different prices.
 JOHN SHAW, 119 204 Calle Venezuela

A LOS ESTANCIEROS.
 Cercos de hierro para rodeos, potreros corrales, chacras etc.
 Corrales portátiles con postes de hierro y tablas.
 Mojones de hierro.
 Bebederos de hierro para ovejas, hacienda vacuna y caballar.
 Pilotas de hierro batido y de hierro fundido para construcciones.
 Maquinas de cortar alambre.
 Maquinas de cortar cardos, abrojos, y cepas de caballo; con esta maquinas los Señores Estancieros pueden limpiar sus campos en pocas horas.
 Maquinas de sacar agua de los jagüeles funcionando sin caballo, basta con un niño de diez ó doce años para sacar una pipa de agua en dos minutos, se arma y se desarma en poco tiempo y se transporte con facilidad.
 En la fabrica de VAN DE VELDE Hermanos. B. Ayres, Calle Buen Orden No. 245.

To English Travellers.
 Englishmen, and others visiting Buenos Ayres, will find every hope comfort at the Hotel de la Paix, which is the largest and best Hotel in this city. Charges are most moderate.
 Wines superb
 Table d'Hote on European style.
 Board, with room, gas-lights, and attendance, from 5s. to 10s. per day.
 HOTEL DE LA PAIX, (Corner of Calle Cangallo and Calle Reconquista.) J 26.

THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT OF BUENOS AYRES.
 49 & 51—DEFENSA—49 & 51.

GALBRAITH & HUNTER
 100 Silver Dollars annually, with loss of Capital through the death of the Insured.

THE QUEEN VINE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
 CAPITAL—£3,000,000.
 Chief Offices, QUEEN INSURANCE BUILDINGS LIVERPOOL.
 Agents for Buenos Ayres, Montevideo, and the River Plate, Barbour, Barclay, and Co CALLE CHACABUCO, 13.
 Sept. 40.

INGLADORE'S AGENCIA DE LAS MENSAJERIAS CORREOS NACIONALES.
 For Cordoba, Santiago, Tucuman, Salto, Jujuy, Catamarca, San Geronimo, Villavieja, Rio Cuarto, San Luis, Mendoza, San Juan.
 Merchants and Passengers for the Provinces will please take notice that the Agency for the above Diligences has been removed from 127 Calle 25 de Mayo, to the Steamboat Agency, No. 1 Calle Cuyo, and that in future Tickets for the Diligences that start from Rosario can be obtained there. Encomendas, &c., will be received up to 6 o'clock the evening before the sailing of the steamers for Rosario, and all parcels from the Provinces will be delivered at No. 1, Calle Cuyo.
 Buenos Ayres, January 17, 1865
 17. 18. HENRY DOWSE.

THE "IRISHMAN."
 The National Journal of Ireland. Price—Stamped, 4d; Unstamped, 3d. Registered at the General Post Office, London, for transmission abroad.
 Terms of Subscription for the Stamped Edition, payable in advance—Yearly, 17s. 4d.; Half-Yearly, 8s. 8d.; Quarterly, 4s. 4d.; Unstamped—Yearly 13s.; Half-Yearly, 6s. 6d. Quarterly, 3s. 3d.
 Subscriptions received at this office.
 The Buenos Ayres Great Southern Railway
 Hurrah! for Chacabuco.
 Buenos! Buenos! Buenos!!!
 Winter goods of every description just received by J. O. WYLLIE & Co. 148. m v d m 24

SAVINGS BANK.
BANK MAU AND CO.
 No. 103 Calle de Cangallo, BUENOS AYRES.
 The immense advantages of Accounts Current are now generally felt and appreciated in the two great emporiums of the River Plate, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres, that there are very few Merchants who fail to keep one at the bank in which they place their monies.
 The Bank of Mau and Co. in Montevideo has already provided for the working classes in that city a safe and profitable depositary for their savings.
 The sums deposited in that most important institution are daily increasing, and already reach a very large amount.
 These advantages have not hitherto been enjoyed in this city by an immense number of clerks, artisans, working men, and servants of all classes and conditions, who are equally interested in putting their savings out at interest, thus providing themselves with a reserve fund in case of need, sickness, or old age, instead of spending them in the immoral gambling, in lotteries, and other frivolities.
 The Bank of Mau and Co. of this city, following the noble example of their firm in Montevideo, now offer the same facilities in this city, and will open a Savings Bank at No. 103 Calle Cangallo, from Nine a.m. till Three p.m. on Week-Days, and on Sundays and Holidays from Ten a.m. to Twelve m., for the reception of the savings of the classes already mentioned.
 The Bank will deliver to each depositor a pass book, in which will be entered the amount deposited and withdrawn.
 The depositor is permitted at any time to withdraw the whole or part of the sum deposited; in the former case the interest will be calculated up to date.
 The Bank of Mau and Co. is sufficiently known to the Public by the benefit derived from the course of its operations, which are regulated on the strictest and soundest principles, and always directed to promote the general welfare.
 The Bank of Mau and Co. are also persuaded that this new branch of their business will render immense service to the working classes of Buenos Ayres and its neighbourhood.
 Buenos Ayres, September 19, 1865.
 P.p. Mau and Co. WILLIAM LESLIE

CONDITIONS.
 First—The Bank receives at interest any sum from Twenty-five Dollars currency Silver Dollar upwards.
 Second—The interest allowed is six per cent. (6 p c) per annum, which is liquidated every six months.
 Third—The depositors can at any time retire the whole or part of the money deposited.
 Fourth—Once the money deposited exceeds twenty-five thousand dollars currency, or one thousand dollars silver, the depositor, if he wishes, can open an account current, according to the rules established by the Bank.
 Fifth—In case the depositor loses his pass book, it can be replaced by another on paying twelve dollars currency, and advertising the loss in the public newspapers.

RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
 LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE DIRECT.
 NAMES OF STEAMERS.
 LA PLATA, PARANA, PARAGUAY, URUGUAY, LEDA.
 One of these Steamers will leave Liverpool for Montevideo and Buenos Ayres on the 1st of each month.
 Cargo will be received on board of the steamers 48 hours after their arrival, to be delivered in any part of the United Kingdom, or on the Continent, being forwarded by railway and steamer for account of the Company, the bills of lading being signed with these conditions.
 As the object of the Company is to extend and facilitate the existing traffic between Europe and the River Plate, the rates of freight will be very moderate.
 Specie and Parcels will be received until the day before the steamers leave. In order to facilitate immigration to these countries the rates have been reduced as follows—
 1st Class.....£35.
 2nd ".....£25.
 3rd ".....£10.
 Return Tickets will be issued for six months at the following rates—
 1st Class.....£65.
 2nd ".....£45.
 3rd ".....£30.
 These boats are excellent opportunities for families visiting Europe, more especially when consisting of Ladies and Children, having large ladies' cabin, and carrying an experienced stewardess.
 The URUGUAY will leave this port for Liverpool via Montevideo on the 3rd August at 4 p.m.
 H. A. GREEN & CO., 85 RECONQUISTA.

HIBERNIAN HOUSE
 64, 66 and 68 Calle Piedad, (between San Martin and Reconquista.)
 GENERAL CAMP STORE.
 A large and well assorted stock of GROCERY, DRAPERY & IRONMONGERY.
 T. FALLOU
 64, 66, & 68 CALLE PIEDAD.
 N.B.—A large Stock of Ready made clothing of every description.

Collars, Collars, Collars.
 1200 DOZEN.
 Gentlemen's White Paper Collars \$5 Per Dozen.
 GALBRAITH & HUNTER,
 49 & 51—DEFENSA—49 & 51.
 101. 1m 20.

Medianeros.
 Wanted, for the Province of Entre Rios, some medianeros to mind sheep. Camps of the best quality will be sold. All the wood necessary to build corrals and for house use can be had; English or Irish preferred. For particulars apply at No. 123 Calle 25 de Mayo. 112 x . m . 18

WEED LOCK STITCH SEWING MACHINES.
 Just received, another lot of Weed's Sewing Machines. These Machines have a world-wide reputation, and for all kinds of manufacturing purposes or family use have no equal. Their simplicity of construction enables them to be easily understood and very durable. They sew with like facility on any material, from the finest muslin to the heaviest cloth or leather, and are warranted to be just as represented. Now is the time for those in want of a machine to purchase, as the large amount of army clothing being manufactured would soon make the machine pay for itself.
 The above machines are for sale at 96 CALLE BELGRANO, where they can be seen in operation. Full instruction given to all purchasers at the Store, or at their own residence. 127. 6p, 18

THE LAST THREE MONTHS.
 The Sale of the large and valuable Stock of the ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT, 61 CORRIENTES 61
 WILL continue for a period of three months from the 1st of July
 The choicest Goods will be sold at further
REDUCED PRICES.
 Real bargains in elegant Silks, Satins and
 Many other articles may be obtained on early application.
 61—CORRIENTES—61

ALEX. FULTON AND CO.
 DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT.
 25 & 27—CALLE DEFENSA—25 & 27.
 81. x m 13

"LA FAVORECIDA."
 Line of Diligence between Buenos Ayres, Lobos, Saladillo, and Tapalquen.
 Leaves Buenos Ayres for Lobos and Saladillo every Thursday.
 Leaves Saladillo every Saturday, arriving in Buenos Ayres every Sunday.
 Leaves Buenos Ayres for Tapalquen, calling at Lobos the 3rd, 13th, and 23rd. Arriving at Buenos Ayres on the 10th, 20th, and 30th.
 Owner and conductor, P. ESPERATTI.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
 LOSS OF APPETITE—LOSS OF STRENGTH—LOSS OF VITALITY.
 The marvelous effect of this fine medicine upon the system is such as to immediately rally all the vital functions, the appetite is soon restored, a full flow of spirits quickly follows, the body becomes immensely invigorated, with a certainty of restored health: fresh air and a little exercise are necessary to bring about a permanent state of health. Holloway's Pills increase the time and energy to the most dilute constitutions, and in a manner to astonish all who take them. By their extraordinary virtues they have obtained the largest sale of any medicine in the world.
 HEAD, LUNGS, AND STOMACH.
 Look to the regularity of the functions of these foundations of vitality. Holloway's Pills restore to order the disordered system, and prevent the progress of disease, may be considered as the regulators of the main spring of human life. A propensity can always be prevented if the proper action of the bowels be attended to, which this famous medicine never fails to accomplish. Disorders of the head and heart often terminate suddenly and fatally from obstructions in the system, which might generally be prevented by taking small and regular doses of this fine corrective.
 No medicine can be so safely relied upon for every coming ailment as these Pills. They never fail to remove a heavy burden from the system. The printed instructions will enable all to correct the symptoms of disease, and avert many serious maladies. Holloway's Pills soon change the staid and sallow complexion, and restore the bloom of youth to the face. They remove the bile from the system, and prevent the formation of humors, which are the cause of all diseases. They are taken two or three times a week as a safeguard against dropsy, headache, palpitation of the heart, and all nervous affections, so distressing at certain periods.
 SICK HEADACHE, INDIGESTION OR YOUTH STOMACH, AND DISORDERED LIVER.
 In such a deranged state of health the food is decomposed instead of being digested, and gives poison rather than nutriment. This derangement can be at once set right by a course of these purifying and digestive Pills, which have a specific effect upon the liver, and remove all the symptoms of disease, and avert many serious maladies. Holloway's Pills soon change the staid and sallow complexion, and restore the bloom of youth to the face. They remove the bile from the system, and prevent the formation of humors, which are the cause of all diseases. They are taken two or three times a week as a safeguard against dropsy, headache, palpitation of the heart, and all nervous affections, so distressing at certain periods.
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 DROPSY.
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 On the Estancia J. Brown Esq. 175. 1m 12.

National Steamer ESTRELLA DEL NORTE.
 In combination with the Diligence of Messrs. Luis Saenz and Co. (Messagerias Correo Nacionales Iniciales) for the Provinces of Cordoba, Tucuman, Santiago del Estero, Salta, Jujuy, Catamarca, Villa Nueva, San Geronimo, Rio Cuarto, San Luis, Mendoza, and San Juan, carrying the passengers and parcels; will sail from the Figueroa Steamer for Rosario and Intermediate Ports (Returning every Thursday morning)
 The train leaves the 25 de Mayo Station at 3 past 10 o'clock a.m.
 Fare, Cabin. 16 Ptas.
 Rosario 16 Ptas.
 N. Nicolas 12 " "
 Las Herminas 12 " "
 Obligado 10 " "
 San Pedro 8 " "
 Baradero 6 " "
 Zarate 4 " "
 Campana 4 " "
 Steerage half price.
 Parcels for Rosario, &c., and the Provinces received up to 5 o'clock on Friday evening, in the Agency.
 124—CALLE 25 DE MAYO—124
 HENRY DOWSE.
 Removal.
 The office of the undersigned has been removed from Calle Reconquista to Calle Piedad 148.
 JOHN KEMSLEY

THE HESPERIDINA, STOMACH BITTERS.
 FROM THE Bitter Orange THE Best Tonic Known, AND THE Surest Specific against the nervous affections of the Stomach, Head, Intestines and Heart; A sure, quick and agreeable remedy for the cure of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Cholice, Flatulency, Costiveness, Diarrhoea, Weakness, Dysentery, Chl rosia, STIMULATES AND REGULATES THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, CURES THESE DISEASES, FORTIFYING THE BODY, and promoting the most HEALTHY NATURAL SECRETIONS, THE PERSPIRATION.
 THE HESPERIDINA IS SOLD at the principal Business Houses IN THE CITY AND COUNTRY; IN Grocery Stores, Apothecaries, Coffee Houses, Confectionaries AND Drug Stores.
 AGENTS IN MONTEVIDEO MESSRS. NEWNHAM & CO., 38 & 35 calle 25 de Agosto M. J. Bayley 70, 6m, a 9

HEALTH TO THE INVALID BY HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
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